

ANGOLA









GOVERNMENT

Chief of State

President Joao Manuel Goncalves LOURENCO

Head of Government

President Joao Manuel Goncalves LOURENCO

Government Type

presidential republic

Capital

Luanda

Legislature

unicameral National Assembly or Assembleia Nacional (220 seats)

Judiciary

Supreme Court or Supremo Tribunal de Justica (consists of the court president, vice president, and a minimum of 16 judges); Constitutional Court or Tribunal Constitucional (consists of 11 judges)

Ambassador to US

Ambassador Agostinho Tavares da Silva NETO

US Ambassador

Ambassador Nina Maria FITE

GEOGRAPHY

Area

Total: 1,246,700 sq km Land: 1,246,700 sq km Water: 0 sq km

Climate

semiarid in south and along coast to Luanda; north has cool, dry season (May to October) and hot, rainy season (November to April)

Natural Resources

petroleum, diamonds, iron ore, phosphates, copper, feldspar, gold, bauxite, uranium

as of February 2019

ECONOMY

Economic Overview

Angola's economy is overwhelmingly driven by its oil sector. Dependence on foreign assistance, corruption, fluctuating oil prices, and recovery from a decades-long civil war challenge economic growth.

GDP (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$193.6 billion (2017 est.)

GDP per capita (Purchasing Power Parity)

\$6,800 (2017 est.)

Exports

\$33.07 billion (2017 est.)

partners: China 61.2%, India 13%, US 4.2% (2017)

Imports

\$19.5 billion (2017 est.)

partners: Portugal 17.8%, China 13.5%, US 7.4%, South Africa

6.2%, Brazil 6.1%, UK 4% (2017)

PEOPLE & SOCIETY

Population

30.4 million (July 2018 est.)

Population Growth

3.49% (2018 est.)

Ethnicity

Ovimbundu 37%,

Kimbundu 25%, Bakongo

13%, mestico 2%, European 1%, other 22%

Male Angola - 2016 Ferma | 1004 | 95 - 99 | | 95 - 99 | 99 | | 98 - 99 | 99 | | 99 - 94 | | 98 - 99 | | 99 - 94 | | 99 - 97 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 | | 90 - 94 |

Language

Portuguese 71.2% (official), Umbundu 23%, Kikongo 8.2%, Kimbundu 7.8%, Chokwe 6.5%, Nhaneca 3.4%, Nganguela 3.1%, other 11.4%

note: shares sum to more than 100% because some respondents gave more than one answer on the census

Religion

Roman Catholic 41.1%, Protestant 38.1%, other 8.6%, none 12.3% (2014 est.)

Urbanization

urban population: 65.5% of total population (2018)

rate of urbanization: 4.32% annual rate of change (2015-20 est.)

Literacy

71.1% (2015 est.)