## **STEERING**

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## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

#### STEERING SYSTEM

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The power steering system has a hydraulic pump. The pump is a constant flow rate and displacement, vane-type pump. The pump on the 4.0L engine has a reservoir mounted to it (Fig. 1). The 2.5L engine has a remote mounted reservoir.

The steering gear (Fig. 1) used is a recirculating ball type gear with 14:1 gear ratio. A tilt and non-tilt column provide steering input.

NOTE: Right hand drive (RHD) and left hand drive (LHD) service procedures and torque specifications for steering linkage, gear and column are the same. The power steering pump procedures are different. Refer to appropriate service procedures regarding each component in the system.

#### **OPERATION**

The steering gear acts as a rolling thread between the worm shaft and the rack piston. Power assist is provided by the hydraulic pump. When the steering wheel is turned the worm shaft turns which moves

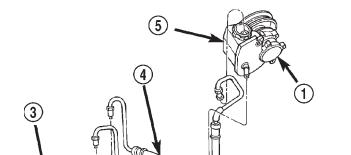


Fig. 1 Power Steering Gear & Pump - 4.0L

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- 1 4.0 L PUMP
- 2 RETURN HOSE
- 3 STEERING GEAR
- 4 PRESSURE HOSE
- 5 RESERVOIR

the rack piston. The rack piston movement turns the pitman shaft which is connected to the steering linkage by the pitman arm.

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## **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING**

## POWER STEERING SYSTEM DIAGNOSIS CHARTS

STEERING NOISE

There is some noise in all power steering systems. One of the most common is a hissing sound evident at a standstill parking. Or when the steering wheel is at the end of it's travel. Hiss is a high frequency noise similar to that of a water tap being closed slowly. The noise is present in all valves that have a high velocity fluid passing through an orifice. There is no relationship between this noise and steering performance.

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSES	CORRECTION
OBJECTIONAL HISS OR WHISTLE	Steering intermediate shaft to dash panel seal.	Check and repair seal at dash panel.
	2. Noisy valve in power steering gear.	2. Replace steering gear.
RATTLE OR CLUNK	Gear mounting bolts loose.	Tighten bolts to specification.
	Loose or damaged suspension components/track bar.	2. Inspect and repair suspension.
	3. Loose or damaged steering linkage.	Inspect and repair steering linkage.
	4. Internal gear noise.	4. Replace gear.
	5. Pressure hose in contact with other components.	5. Reposition hose.
CHIRP OR SQUEAL	1. Loose belt.	1. Adjust or replace.
WHINE OR GROWL	1. Low fluid level.	1. Fill to proper level.
	Pressure hose in contact with other components.	2. Reposition hose.
	3. Internal pump noise.	3. Replace pump.
	4. Air in the system.	4. Perform pump initial operation.
SUCKING AIR SOUND	1. Loose return line clamp.	1. Replace clamp.
	O-ring missing or damaged on hose fitting.	2. Replace o-ring.
	3. Low fluid level.	3. Fill to proper level.
	4. Air leak between pump and reservoir.	4. Repair as necessary.
SCRUBBING OR	1. Wrong tire size.	1. Verify tire size.
KNOCKING	2. Wrong gear.	2. Verify gear.

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## DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)

## BINDING AND STICKING

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
DIFFICULT TO TURN WHEEL STICKS OR BINDS	<ol> <li>Low fluid level.</li> <li>Tire pressure.</li> <li>Steering component.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Fill to proper level.</li> <li>Adjust tire pressure.</li> <li>Inspect and lube.</li> </ol>
	4. Loose belt. 5. Low pump pressure.	4. Adjust or replace.  5. Pressure test and replace if necessary.
	<ul><li>6. Column shaft coupler binding.</li><li>7. Steering gear worn or out of adjustment.</li></ul>	Replace coupler.     Repair or replace gear.
	8. Ball joints binding.	8. Inspect and repair as necessary.

#### INSUFFICIENT ASSIST OR POOR RETURN TO CENTER

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
HARD TURNING OR MOMENTARY	1. Tire pressure.	1. Adjust tire pressure.
INCREASE IN TURNING EFFORT	2. Low fluid level.	2. Fill to proper level.
	3. Loose belt.	3. Adjust or replace.
	4. Lack of lubrication.	Inspect and lubricate steering and suspension compnents.
	5. Low pump pressure.	Pressure test and repair as necessary.
	6. Internal gear leak.	6. Pressure and flow test, and repair as necessary.
STEERING WHEEL	1. Tire pressure.	1. Adjust tire pressure.
DOES NOT WANT TO RETURN TO	2. Wheel alignment.	2. Align front end.
CENTER POSITION	3. Lack of lubrication.	Inspect and lubricate steering and suspension compnents.
	4. High friction in steering gear.	4. Test and adjust as necessary.
	5. Ball joints binding.	5. Inspect and repair as necessary.

Some roads will cause a vehicle to drift, due to the crown in the road.

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## DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)

## LOOSE STEERING AND VEHICLE LEADS/DRIFTS

CONDITION	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
EXCESSIVE PLAY IN STEERING WHEEL	Worn or loose suspension or steering components.	1. Repair as necessary.
	2. Worn or loose wheel bearings.	2. Repair as necessary.
	3. Steering gear mounting.	3. Tighten gear mounting bolts to specification.
	4. Gear out of adjustment.	4. Adjust gear to specification.
	5. Worn or loose steering coupler.	5. Repair as necessary.
VEHICLE PULLS TO ONE SIDE DURING BRAKING	1. Tire Pressure.	Adjust tire pressure.
BOKING BIVAKING	2. Air in brake hydrauliics system.	2. Bleed brake system.
	3. Worn brake components.	3. Repair as necessary.
VEHICLE LEADS OR DRIFTS	1. Tire pressure.	1. Adjust tire pressure.
FROM STRAIGHT AHEAD	2. Radial tire lead.	2. Cross front tires.
DIRECTION ON UNCROWNED ROAD.	3. Brakes dragging.	3. Repair as necessary.
	4. Wheel alignment.	4. Align vehicle.
	5. Weak or broken spring.	5. Replace spring.
	6. Loose or worn steering/ suspension components.	6. Repair as necessary.
	7. Cross caster out of spec.	7. Adjust or replace axle as necessary.

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## POWER STEERING PUMP

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## POWER STEERING PUMP

#### **DESCRIPTION**

Hydraulic pressure for the power steering system is provided by a belt driven power steering pump (Fig. 1). The pump shaft has a pressed-on high strength plastic drive pulley that is belt driven by the crankshaft pulley. The reservoir is attached to the pump body with spring clips on the 4.0L engine. A remote pump reservoir is used on the 2.5L engine mounted to the fan shroud. The power steering pump is connected to the steering gear by the pressure and return hoses.

#### **OPERATION**

The power steering pump is a constant flow rate and displacement, vane-type pump. The pump internal parts operate submerged in fluid. The flow control orifice is part of the high pressure line fitting. The pressure relief valve inside the flow control valve limits the pump pressure.

NOTE: Power steering pumps have different pressure rates and are not interchangeable with other pumps.

#### POWER STEERING PRESSURE LINE

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The hose consists of two metal ends and rubber center section that contains a tuning cable.

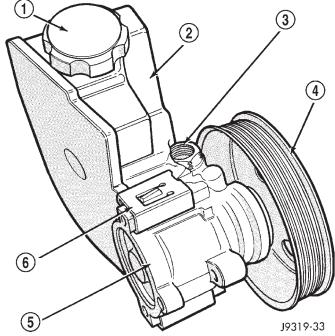


Fig. 1 Pump With Integral Reservoir

- 1 CAP
- 2 FLUID RESERVOIR (TYPICAL)
- 3 HIGH-PRESSURE FITTING
- 4 DRIVE PULLEY
- 5 PUMP BODY
- 6 RESERVOIR CLIP

#### **OPERATION**

Power steering pressure line, is used to transfer high pressure power steering fluid, from the power steering pump to the power steering gear.

#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION (Continued)**

#### POWER STEERING RETURN LINE

#### DESCRIPTION

Power steering return line is a hose which is clamped at the pump and the gear.

#### **OPERATION**

Power steering return line, is used to transfer low pressure power steering fluid, from the power steering gear to the power steering pump.

#### DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING

#### POWER FLOW AND PRESSURE

The following procedure is used to test the operation of the power steering system on the vehicle. This test will provide the gallons per minute (GPM) or flow rate of the power steering pump along with the maximum relief pressure. Perform test any time a power steering system problem is present. This test will determine if the power steering pump or power steering gear is not functioning properly. The following pressure and flow test is performed using Power Steering Analyzer Tool Kit 6815 (Fig. 2) and Adapter Kit 6893.

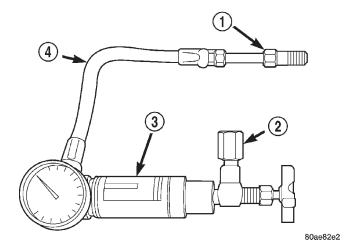


Fig. 2 Power Steering Analyzer

- 1 TUBE
- 2 ADAPTER FITTINGS
- 3 ANALYZER
- 4 GAUGE HOSE

#### FLOW AND PRESSURE TEST

- (1) Check the power steering belt to ensure it is in good condition and adjusted properly.
- (2) Connect pressure gauge hose from the Power Steering Analyzer to Tube 6865.
- (3) Connect Adapter 6826 to Power Steering Analyzer test valve end.

- (4) Disconnect high pressure hose at the pump. Use a container for dripping fluid.
  - (5) Connect Tube 6865 to the pump hose fitting.
- (6) Connect the power steering hose from the steering gear to Adapter 6826.
  - (7) Open the test valve completely.
- (8) Start engine and let idle long enough to circulate power steering fluid through flow/pressure test gauge and to get air out of the fluid. Then shut off engine.
- (9) Check fluid level, add fluid as necessary. Start engine again and let idle.
- (10) Gauge should read below 862 kPa (125 psi), if above, inspect the hoses for restrictions and repair as necessary. The initial pressure reading should be in the range of 345-552 kPa (50-80 psi).
- (11) Increase the engine speed to 1500 RPM and read the flow meter. The reading should be 2.4 2.8 GPM, if the reading is below this specification the pump should be replaced.

CAUTION: The next step involves testing maximum pump pressure output and flow control valve operation. Do not leave valve closed for more than three seconds as the pump could be damaged.

- (12) Close valve fully three times and record highest pressure indicated each time. All three readings must be above specifications and within 345 kPa (50 psi) of each other.
- Pressures above specifications but not within 345 kPa (50 psi) of each other, replace pump.
- Pressures within 345 kPa (50 psi) of each other but below specifications, replace pump.
- (13) Open the test valve, turn steering wheel extreme left and right positions against the stops. Record the highest indicated pressure at each position. Compare readings to specifications. If highest output pressures are not the same against either stop, the gear is leaking internally and must be repaired.

CAUTION: Do not force the pump to operate against the stops for more than 2 to 3 seconds at a time because, pump damage will result.

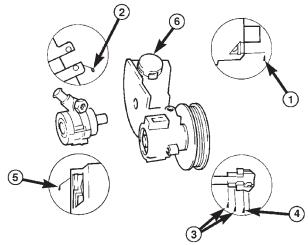
## PUMP SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE	RELIEF PRESSURE ± 50	FLOW RATE (GPM)
2.5L	9653 kPa (1400 psi)	1500 RPM 2.4 - 2.8
4.0L	9653 kPa (1400 psi)	GPM

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### DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING (Continued)

#### PUMP LEAKAGE DIAGNOSIS



- BUSHING (BEARING) WORN, SEAL WORN. REPLACE PUMP.
- 2. REPLACE RESERVOIR O-RING SEAL.
- 3. TORQUE HOSE FITTING NUT TO SPECIFICATIONS. IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS, REPLACE O-RING SEAL.
- 4. TORQUE FITTING TO SPECIFICATIONS. IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS, REPLACE O-RING SEAL.
- 5. REPLACE PUMP.
- CHECK OIL LEVEL: IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS WITH THE LEVEL CORRECT AND CAP TIGHT, REPLACE THE CAP.

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#### SERVICE PROCEDURES

## POWER STEERING PUMP - INITIAL OPERATION

WARNING: THE FLUID LEVEL SHOULD BE CHECKED WITH ENGINE OFF TO PREVENT INJURY FROM MOVING COMPONENTS.

CAUTION: Use MOPAR Power Steering Fluid or equivalent. Do not use automatic transmission fluid and do not overfill.

Wipe filler cap clean, then check the fluid level. The dipstick should indicate **COLD** when the fluid is at normal ambient temperature.

- (1) Fill the pump fluid reservoir to the proper level and let the fluid settle for at least two minutes.
- (2) Start the engine and let run for a few seconds then turn engine off.
- (3) Add fluid if necessary. Repeat the above procedure until the fluid level remains constant after running the engine.
  - (4) Raise the front wheels off the ground.
- (5) Slowly turn the steering wheel right and left, lightly contacting the wheel stops at least 20 times.
  - (6) Check the fluid level add if necessary.
- (7) Lower the vehicle, start the engine and turn the steering wheel slowly from lock to lock.

- (8) Stop the engine and check the fluid level and refill as required.
- (9) If the fluid is extremely foamy or milky looking, allow the vehicle to stand a few minutes and repeat the procedure.

CAUTION: Do not run a vehicle with foamy fluid for an extended period. This may cause pump damage.

#### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### POWER STEERING PUMP

NOTE: The power steering pump is mounted in the same position on LHD and RHD vehicles. On 4.0L RHD vehicles the front bracket is different. The service procedures are the same.

#### REMOVAL

- (1) Remove serpentine drive belt, refer to Group 7 Cooling.
- (2) Remove pressure and return hoses from pump, and drain pump.
- (3) Remove 3 pump mounting bolts through pulley access holes.
- (4) Loosen the 3 pump bracket bolts (Fig. 3) and (Fig. 4).
  - (5) Tilt pump downward and remove from engine.
  - (6) Remove pulley from pump.

#### **INSTALLATION**

- (1) Install pulley on pump.
- (2) Install pump on engine.
- (3) Tighten pump bracket bolts to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.).
- (4) Install 3 pump mounting bolts and tighten to 27 N·m (20 ft. lbs.).
  - (5) Install the pressure and return hoses to pump.
  - (6) Install drive belt, refer to Group 7 Cooling.
- (7) Add power steering fluid and perform Power Steering Pump Initial Operation.

#### PUMP RESERVOIR-2.5L

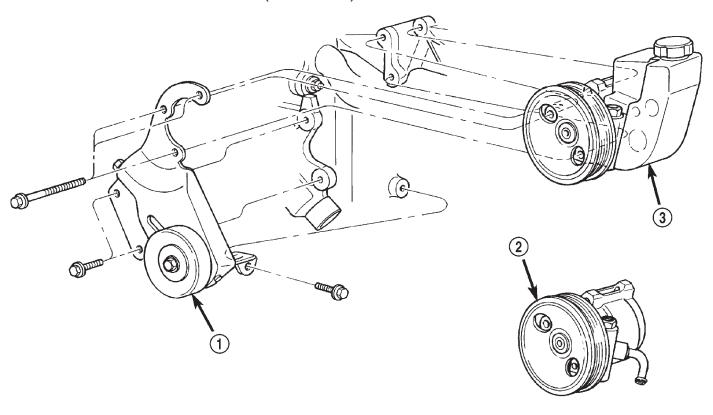
#### REMOVAL

- (1) Remove the hoses from the bottom of the reservoir and drain the reservoir.
- (2) Remove the push-in fastener from the top of the fan shroud.
  - (3) Slide reservoir up off the fan shroud.

#### INSTALLATION

- (1) Slide reservoir down onto fan shroud.
- (2) Install the push-in fastener in the top of fan shroud.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)



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Fig. 3 Pump Mounting LHD

- 1 PUMP BRACKET
- 2 PUMP ASSEMBLY 2.5L

3 - PUMP ASSEMBLY 4.0L

- (3) Install the pump hoses.
- (4) Fill reservoir to proper level. Refer to Power Steering Pump Initial Operation.

#### DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

#### **PUMP PULLEY**

#### DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Remove pump assembly.
- (2) Remove pulley from pump with Puller C-4333 or equivalent puller (Fig. 5).

#### **ASSEMBLY**

### NOTE: The pulley is marked front for installation.

- (1) Replace pulley if bent, cracked, or loose.
- (2) Install pulley on pump with Installer C-4063-B or equivalent installer (Fig. 6). The pulley must be flush with the end of the shaft. Ensure the tool and pulley are aligned with the pump shaft.
  - (3) Install pump assembly.

(4) With Serpentine Belt, run engine until warm (5 min.) and note any belt chirp. If chirp exists, move pulley outward approximately 0.5 mm (0.020 in.). If noise increases, press on 1.0 mm (0.040 in.). Be careful that pulley does not contact mounting bolts.

#### PUMP RESERVOIR

#### DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Remove power steering pump.
- (2) Clean exterior of pump.
- (3) Clamp the pump body in a soft jaw vice.
- (4) Pry up tab and slide the retaining clips off (Fig. 7).

#### NOTE: Use new retaining clips for installation.

(5) Remove fluid reservoir from pump body. Remove and discard O-ring seal.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

(1) Lubricate new O-ring Seal with Mopar Power Steering Fluid or equivalent.

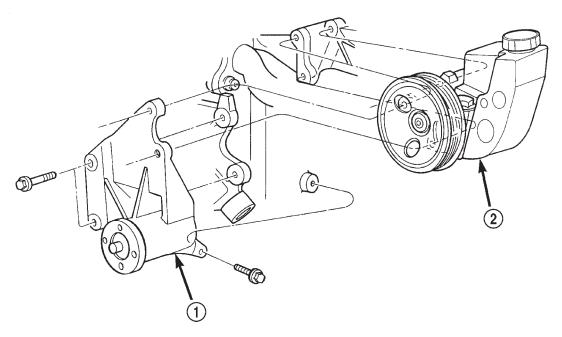


Fig. 4 Pump Mounting 4.0L RHD

- 1 BRACKET
- 2 PUMP ASSEMBLY

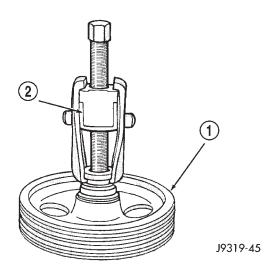
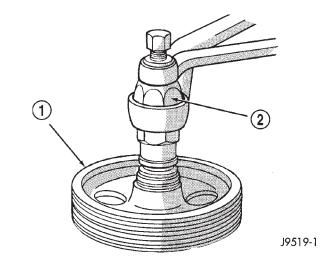


Fig. 5 Pulley Removal

- 1 POWER STEERING PUMP DRIVE PULLEY
- 2 SPECIAL TOOL C-4333
  - (2) Install O-ring seal in housing.
  - (3) Install reservoir onto housing.
- (4) Slide and tap in **new** reservoir retainer clips until tab locks to housing.



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Fig. 6 Pulley Installation

- 1 POWER STEERING PUMP DRIVE PULLEY
- 2 SPECIAL TOOL C-4063-B
  - (5) Install power steering pump.
- (6) Add power steering fluid, refer to Pump Initial Operation.

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## DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)

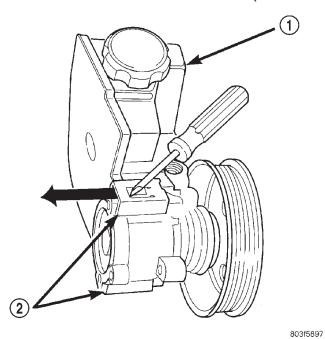


Fig. 7 Pump Reservoir Clips

- 1 RESERVOIR
- 2 RETAINING CLIPS

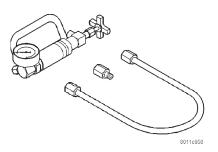
## **SPECIFICATIONS**

## **TORQUE CHART**

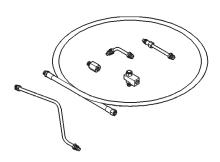
DESCRIPTION	TORQUE
Power Steering Pump	
Bracket to Pump	28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.)
Bracket to Engine	47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)
Flow Control Valve	75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Pressure Line	28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.)

## SPECIAL TOOLS

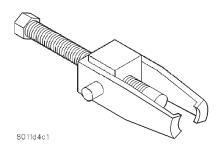
## **POWER STEERING PUMP**



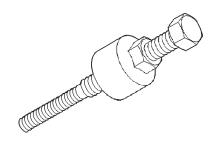
Analyzer Set, Power Steering Flow/Pressure 6815



Adapters, Power Steering Flow/Pressure Tester 6893



Puller C-4333



Installer, Power Steering Pulley C-4063B

## POWER STEERING GEAR

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#### DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

## **POWER STEERING GEAR**

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The power steering gear is a recirculating ball type gear with a 14:1 ratio.

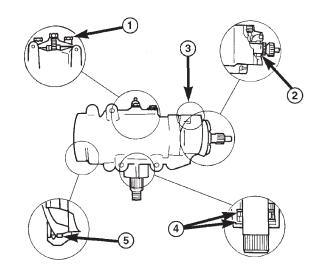
#### **OPERATION**

The gear acts as a rolling thread between the worm shaft and rack piston. The worm shaft is supported by a thrust bearing at the lower end and a bearing assembly at the upper end. When the worm shaft is turned the rack piston moves. The rack piston teeth mesh with the pitman shaft. Turning the worm shaft turns the pitman shaft, which turns the steering linkage.

CAUTION: Components attached with a nut and cotter pin must be torqued to specification. Then if the slot in the nut does not line up with the cotter pin hole, tighten nut until it is aligned. Never loosen the nut to align the cotter pin hole.

#### DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING

#### POWER STEERING GEAR LEAKAGE



- 1. SIDE COVER LEAK TORQUE SIDE COVER BOLTS TO SPECIFICATION. REPLACE THE SIDE COVER SEAL IF THE LEAKAGE PERSISTS.
- 2. ADJUSTER PLUG SEAL -REPLACE THE ADJUSTER PLUG SEALS.
- 3. PRESSURE LINE FITTING -TORQUE THE HOSE FITTING NUT TO SPECIFICATIONS. IF LEAKAGE PERSISTS, REPLACE THE SEAL.
- 4. PITMAN SHAFT SEALS -REPLACE THE SEALS.
- 5. TOP COVER SEAL REPLACE THE SEAL. 80a1c3c2

#### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### STEERING GEAR

#### **REMOVAL**

- (1) Place the front wheels in the straight ahead position with the steering wheel centered.
- (2) Disconnect and cap the fluid hoses from steering gear.
- (3) Remove the column coupler shaft from the gear.
  - (4) Remove pitman arm from gear.
- (5) Remove the steering gear retaining bolts and remove the gear (Fig. 1).

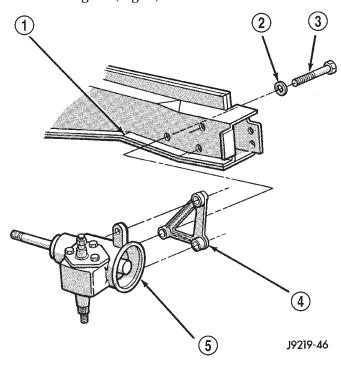


Fig. 1 Steering Gear Mounting (LHD)

- 1 FRAME
- 2 WASHER
- 3 SCREW
- 4 ADAPTER
- 5 GEAR

#### INSTALLATION

- (1) Install steering gear (and bracket) on the frame rail and tighten bolts to 95 N·m (70 ft. lbs.).
- (2) Align the column coupler shaft to steering gear. Install a **new** pinch bolt and tighten to 49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.).
- (3) Align and install the pitman arm and tighten nut to 251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.).
- (4) Connect fluid hoses to steering gear and tighten to 28 N·m (21 ft. lbs.).
  - (5) Fill power steering system to proper level.

#### DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

#### HOUSING END PLUG

#### **DISASSEMBLY**

(1) Unseat and remove retaining ring from groove with a punch through the hole in the end of the housing (Fig. 2).

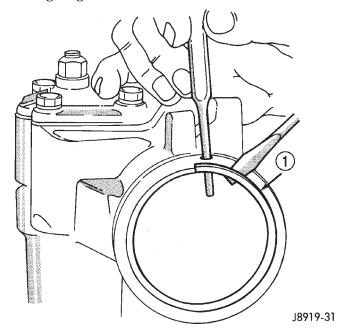


Fig. 2 End Plug Retaining Ring

1 - RETAINING RING

(2) Slowly rotate stub shaft with 12 point socket COUNTER-CLOCKWISE to force the end plug out from housing.

CAUTION: Do not turn stub shaft any further than necessary. The rack piston balls will drop out of the rack piston circuit if the stub shaft is turned too far.

(3) Remove O-ring from the housing (Fig. 3).

#### **ASSEMBLY**

- (1) Lubricate O-ring with power steering fluid and install into the housing.
- (2) Install end plug by tapping the plug lightly with a plastic mallet into the housing.
- (3) Install retaining ring so one end of the ring covers the housing access hole (Fig. 4).

#### PITMAN SHAFT/SEALS/BEARING

#### DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Clean exposed end of pitman shaft and housing with a wire brush.
  - (2) Remove preload adjuster nut (Fig. 5).

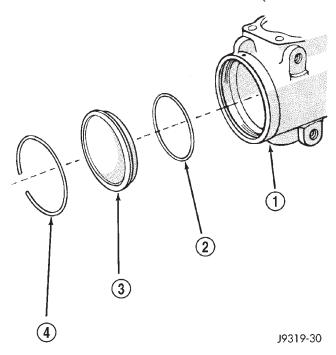


Fig. 3 End Plug Components

- 1 HOUSING ASSEMBLY
- 2 HOUSING END PLUG O-RING SEAL
- 3 HOUSING END PLUG
- 4 RETAINING RING

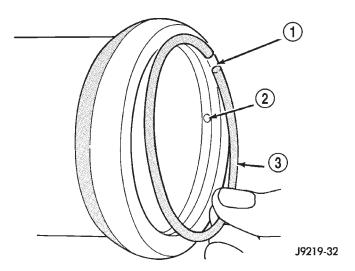
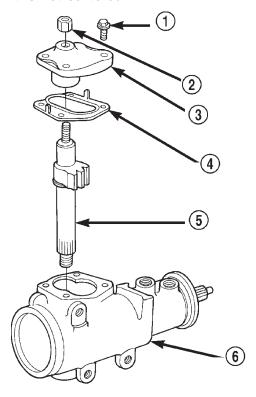


Fig. 4 Installing The Retaining Ring

- 1 RING CAP
- 2 PUNCH ACCESS HOLE
- 3 RETAINER RING
- (3) Rotate the stub shaft with a 12 point socket from stop to stop and count the number of turns.
- (4) Center the stub shaft by rotating it from the stop 1/2 of the total amount of turns.
- (5) Remove side cover bolts and remove side cover, gasket and pitman shaft as an assembly (Fig. 5).

NOTE: The pitman shaft will not clear the housing if it is not centered.



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Fig. 5 Side Cover and Pitman Shaft

- 1 SIDE COVER BOLTS
- 2 PRELOAD ADJUSTER NUT
- 3 SIDE COVER
- 4 GASKET SEAL
- 5 PITMAN SHAFT GEAR
- 6 HOUSING ASSEMBLY
  - (6) Remove pitman shaft from the side cover.
- (7) Remove dust seal from the housing with a seal pick (Fig. 6).

CAUTION: Use care not to score the housing bore when prying out seals and washer.

- (8) Remove retaining ring with snap ring pliers.
- (9) Remove washer from the housing.
- (10) Remove oil seal from the housing with a seal pick.
- (11) Remove pitman shaft bearing from housing with a bearing driver and handle (Fig. 7).

#### **ASSEMBLY**

- (1) Install pitman shaft bearing into housing with a bearing driver and handle.
- (2) Coat the oil seal and washer with **special grease** supplied with the new seal.
  - (3) Install the oil seal with a driver and handle.
  - (4) Install backup washer.

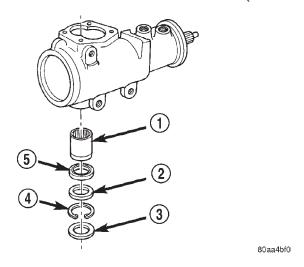


Fig. 6 Pitman Shaft Seals & Bearing

- 1 BEARING
- 2 WASHER
- 3 DUST SEAL
- 4 RETAINER
- 5 OIL SEAL

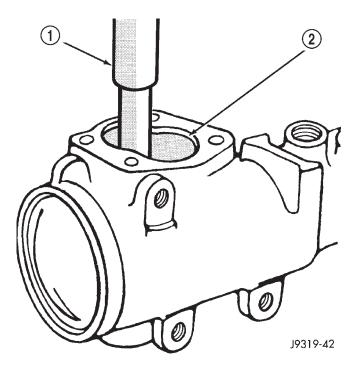


Fig. 7 Needle Bearing Removal

- 1 REMOVER
- 2 SIDE COVER AREA
  - (5) Install the retainer ring with snap ring pliers.
- (6) Coat the dust seal with **special grease** supplied with the new seal.
  - (7) Install dust seal with a driver and handle.
- (8) Install pitman shaft to side cover by screwing shaft in until it fully seats to side cover.

- (9) Install preload adjuster nut. Do not tighten nut until after Over-Center Rotation Torque adjustment has been made.
- (10) Install gasket to side cover and bend tabs around edges of side cover (Fig. 5).
- (11) Install pitman shaft assembly and side cover to housing.
- (12) Install side cover bolts and tighten to 60 N·m (44 ft. lbs.).
- (13) Perform over-center rotation torque adjustment.

#### SPOOL VALVE

#### DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Remove lock nut (Fig. 8).
- (2) Remove adjuster nut with Spanner Wrench C-4381.
- (3) Remove thrust support assembly out of the housing (Fig. 9).
- (4) Pull stub shaft and valve assembly from the housing (Fig. 10).

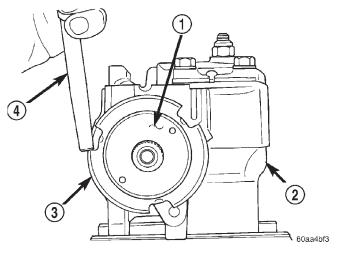


Fig. 8 Lock Nut and Adjuster Nut

- 1 ADJUSTER NUT
- 2 STEERING GEAR
- 3 LOCK NUT
- 4 PUNCH
- (5) Remove stub shaft from valve assembly by lightly tapping shaft on a block of wood to loosen shaft. Then disengage stub shaft pin from hole in spool valve and separate the valve assembly from stub shaft (Fig. 11).
- (6) Remove spool valve from valve body by pulling and rotating the spool valve from the valve body (Fig. 12).
- (7) Remove spool valve O-ring and valve body teflon rings and O-rings underneath the teflon rings (Fig. 13).

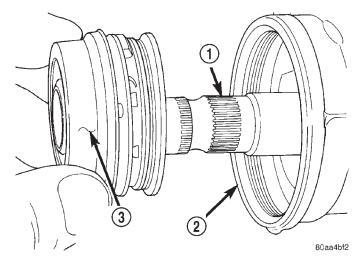


Fig. 9 Thrust Support Assembly

- 1 STUB SHAFT
- 2 HOUSING
- 3 THRUST SUPPORT ASSEMBLY

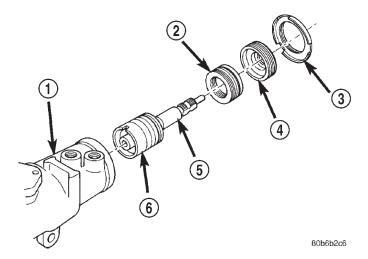


Fig. 10 Valve Assembly With Stub Shaft

- 1 GEAR
- 2 THRUST SUPPORT
- 3 LOCK NUT
- 4 ADJUSTER NUT
- 5 STUB SHAFT
- 6 VALVE ASSEMBLY
- (8) Remove the O-ring between the worm shaft and the stub shaft.

#### **ASSEMBLY**

NOTE: Clean and dry all components, then lubricate with power steering fluid.

- (1) Install spool valve spool O-ring.
- (2) Install spool valve in valve body by pushing and rotating. Hole in spool valve for stub shaft pin must be accessible from opposite end of valve body.

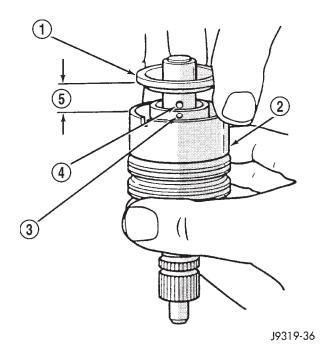


Fig. 11 Stub Shaft

- 1 STUB SHAFT
- 2 VALVE BODY
- 3 HOLE IN SPOOL
- 4 SHAFT PIN
- 5 6mm (1/4")

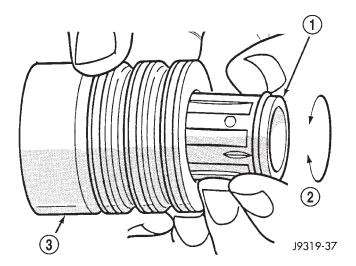


Fig. 12 Spool Valve

- 1 SPOOL VALVE
- 2 ROTATE VALVE TO REMOVE
- 3 VALVE BODY
- (3) Install stub shaft in valve spool and engage locating pin on stub shaft into spool valve hole (Fig. 14).

NOTE: Notch in stub shaft cap must fully engage valve body pin and seat against valve body shoulder.

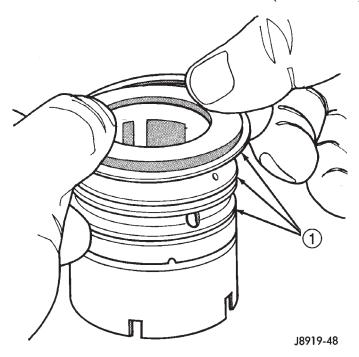


Fig. 13 Valve Seals

1 - O-RING SEALS

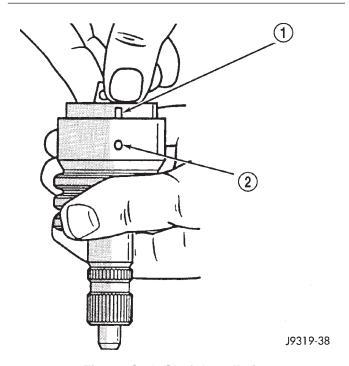


Fig. 14 Stub Shaft Installation

- 1 NOTCH IN CAP
- 2 VALVE BODY PIN
- (4) Install O-rings and teflon rings over the O-rings on valve body.
- (5) Install O-ring into the back of the stub shaft cap (Fig. 15).

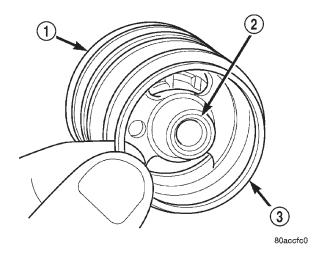


Fig. 15 Stub Shaft Cap O-Ring

- 1 VALVE BODY
- 2 STUB SHAFT CAP
- 3 O-RING
- (6) Install stub shaft and valve assembly in the housing. Line up worm shaft to slots in the valve assembly.
  - (7) Install thrust support assembly.

NOTE: The thrust support is serviced as an assembly. If any component of the thrust support is damaged the assembly must be replaced.

- (8) Install adjuster nut and lock nut.
- (9) Adjust Thrust Bearing Preload and Over-Center Rotating Torque.

#### RACK PISTON AND WORM SHAFT

#### DISASSEMBLY

- (1) Remove housing end plug.
- (2) Remove rack piston plug (Fig. 16).
- (3) Remove side cover and pitman shaft.
- (4) Turn stub shaft COUNTERCLOCKWISE until the rack piston begins to come out of the housing.
- (5) Insert Arbor C-4175 into bore of rack piston (Fig. 17) and hold tool tightly against worm shaft.
- (6) Turn the stub shaft with a 12 point socket COUNTERCLOCKWISE, this will force the rack piston onto the tool and hold the rack piston balls in place.
- (7) Remove the rack piston and tool together from housing.
  - (8) Remove tool from rack piston.
  - (9) Remove rack piston balls.
- (10) Remove clamp bolts, clamp and ball guide (Fig. 18).
- (11) Remove teflon ring and O-ring from the rack piston (Fig. 19).

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## DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY (Continued)

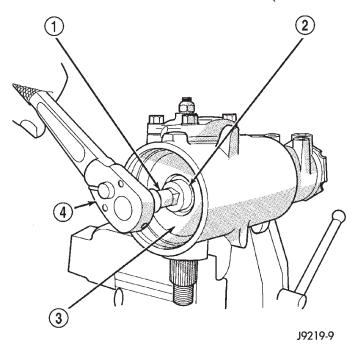


Fig. 16 Rack Piston End Plug

- 1 EXTENSION
- 2 END PLUG
- 3 RACK PISTON
- 4 RATCHET

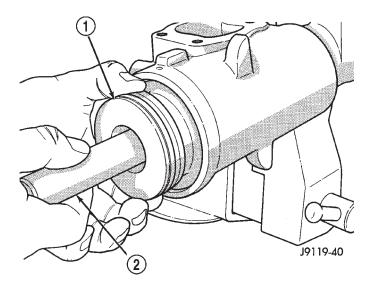


Fig. 17 Rack Piston with Arbor

- 1 RACK PISTON
- 2 SPECIAL TOOL C-4175
- (12) Remove the adjuster lock nut and adjuster nut from the stub shaft.
- (13) Pull the stub shaft with the spool valve and thrust support assembly out of the housing.
- (14) Remove the worm shaft from the housing (Fig. 20).

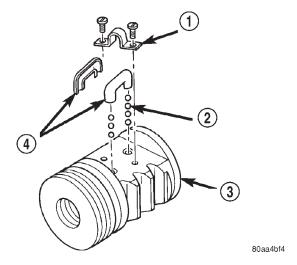


Fig. 18 Rack Piston

- 1 CLAMP
- 2 BALLS
- 3 RACK PISTON
- 4 BALL GUIDE

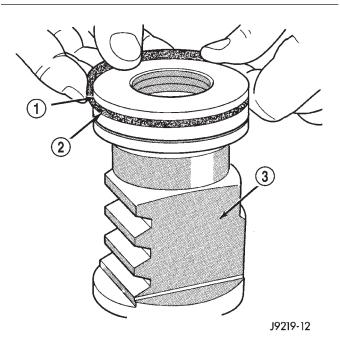


Fig. 19 Rack Piston Teflon Ring and O-Ring

- 1 TEFLON SEAL
- 2 BACK-UP O-RING MUST BE INSTALLED UNDER PISTON RING
- 3 RACK PISTON NUT

#### **ASSEMBLY**

NOTE: Clean and dry all components and lubricate with power steering fluid.

(1) Check for scores, nicks or burrs on the rack piston finished surface. Slight wear is normal on the worm gear surfaces.

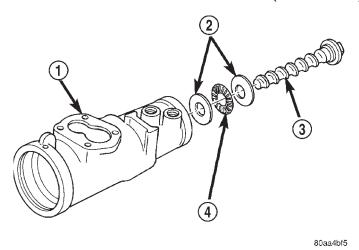


Fig. 20 Worm Shaft

- 1 GEAR HOUSING
- 2 BEARING RACE
- 3 WORM SHAFT
- 4 BEARING
- (2) Install O-ring and teflon ring on the rack piston.
- (3) Install worm shaft in the rack piston and align worm shaft spiral groove with rack piston ball guide hole (Fig. 21).

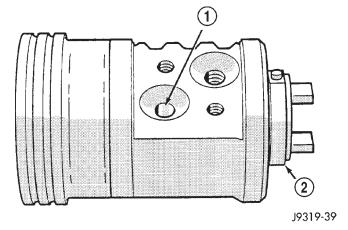


Fig. 21 Installing Balls in Rack Piston

- 1 INSTALL BALLS IN THIS HOLE WHILE SLOWLY ROTATING WORM COUNTER CLOCKWISE
- 2 WORM FLANGE

CAUTION: The rack piston balls must be installed alternately into the rack piston and ball guide. This maintains worm shaft preload. There are 12 black balls and 12 silver (Chrome) balls. The black balls are smaller than the silver balls.

(4) Lubricate and install rack piston balls through return guide hole while turning worm shaft COUNTERCLOCKWISE (Fig. 21).

(5) Install remaining balls in guide using grease to hold the balls in place (Fig. 22).

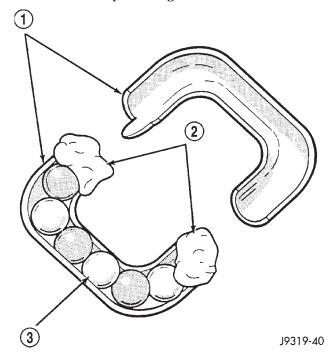


Fig. 22 Balls in the Return Guide

- 1 GUIDE
- 2 PETROLEUM JELLY
- 3 BALLS
- (6) Install the guide onto rack piston and install clamp and clamp bolts. Tighten bolts to 4.8 N·m (43 in. lbs.).
- (7) Insert Arbor C-4175 into bore of rack piston and hold tool tightly against worm shaft.
- (8) Turn the worm shaft COUNTERCLOCKWISE while pushing on the arbor. This will force the rack piston onto the arbor and hold the rack piston balls in place.
- (9) Install the races and thrust bearing on the worm shaft and install shaft in the housing (Fig. 20).
- (10) Install the stub shaft with spool valve, thrust support assembly and adjuster nut in the housing.
- (11) Install the rack piston and arbor tool into the housing.
- (12) Hold arbor tightly against worm shaft and turn stub shaft CLOCKWISE until rack piston is seated on worm shaft.
- (13) Install pitman shaft and side cover in the housing.
- (14) Install rack piston plug and tighten to 150  $N \cdot m$  (111 ft. lbs.).
  - (15) Install housing end plug.
- (16) Adjust worm shaft thrust bearing preload and over-center rotating torque.

#### **ADJUSTMENTS**

#### STEERING GEAR

CAUTION: Steering gear must be adjusted in the proper order. If adjustments are not performed in order, gear damage and improper steering response may result.

NOTE: Adjusting the steering gear in the vehicle is not recommended. Remove gear from the vehicle and drain the fluid. Then mount gear in a vise to perform adjustments.

#### WORM THRUST BEARING PRELOAD

(1) Mount the gear carefully into a vise.

CAUTION: Do not overtighten the vise on the gear case. This may affect the adjustment

- (2) Remove adjuster plug locknut (Fig. 23).
- (3) Rotate the stub shaft back and forth with a 12 point socket to drain the remaining fluid.

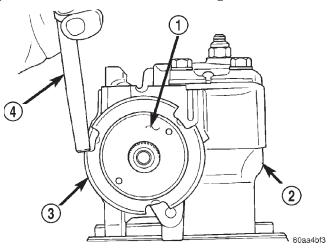
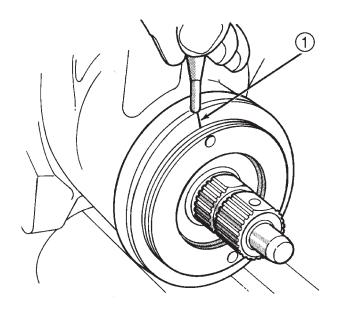


Fig. 23 Adjuster Lock Nut

- 1 ADJUSTER NUT
- 2 STEERING GEAR
- 3 LOCK NUT
- 4 PUNCH
- (4) Turn the adjuster in with Spanner Wrench C-4381. Tighten the plug and thrust bearing in the housing until firmly bottomed in the housing about  $34 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$  (25 ft. lbs.).
- (5) Place an index mark on the housing even with one of the holes in adjuster plug (Fig. 24).
- (6) Measure back (counterclockwise)  $5.08\ mm$  (0.20 in) and mark housing (Fig. 25).



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Fig. 24 Alignment Marking On Housing

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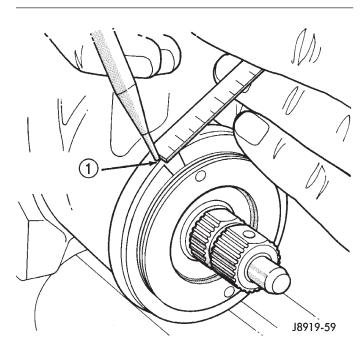
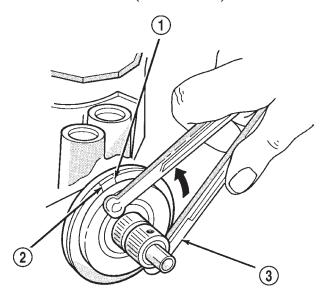


Fig. 25 Second Marking On Housing

1 - REFERENCE MARK

- (7) Rotate adjustment cap back (counterclockwise) with spanner wrench until hole is aligned with the second mark (Fig. 26).
- (8) Install and tighten locknut to 108 N·m (80 ft. lbs.). Be sure adjustment cap does not turn while tightening the locknut.

#### ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)



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Fig. 26 Aligning To The Second Mark

- 1 FIRST MARK
- 2 SECOND MARK
- 3 SPANNER WRENCH

#### **OVER-CENTER**

## NOTE: Before performing this procedure, the worm bearing preload adjustment must be performed.

- (1) Rotate the stub shaft with a 12 point socket from stop to stop and count the number of turns.
- (2) Starting at either stop, turn the stub shaft back 1/2 the total number of turns. This is the center of the gear travel (Fig. 27).
- (3) Place the torque wrench in the vertical position on the stub shaft. Rotate the wrench 45 degrees each side of the center and record the highest rotational torque in this range (Fig. 28). This is the Over-Center Rotating Torque.

## NOTE: The stub shaft must rotate smoothly without sticking or binding.

- (4) Rotate the stud shaft between 90° and 180° to the left of center and record the left off-center preload. Repeat this to the right of center and record the right off-center preload. The average of these two recorded readings is the Preload Rotating Torque.
- (5) The Over-Center Rotating Torque should be 0.40-0.70 N·m (3-7 in. lbs.) **higher** than the Preload Rotating Torque.
- (6) If an adjustment to the Over-Center Rotating Torque is necessary, first loosen the adjuster lock nut. Then turn the pitman shaft adjuster screw back

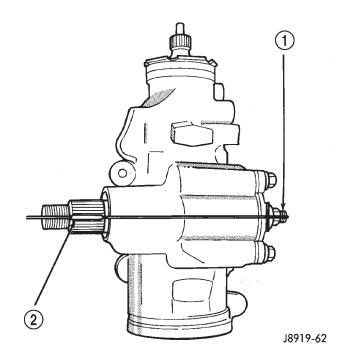


Fig. 27 Steering Gear Centered

- 1 ADJUSTMENT SCREW
- 2 MASTER SPLINE

(COUNTERCLOCKWISE) until fully extended, then turn back in (CLOCKWISE) one full turn.

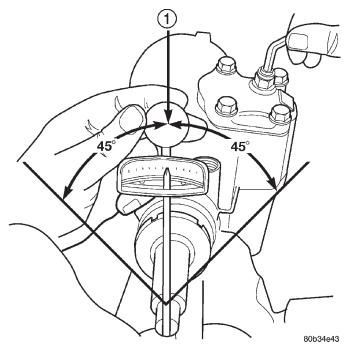


Fig. 28 Checking Over-center Rotation Torque
1 - CENTER

(7) Remeasure Over-Center Rotating Torque. If necessary turn the adjuster screw and repeat mea-

### ADJUSTMENTS (Continued)

surement until correct Over-Center Rotating Torque is reached.

## NOTE: To increase the Over-Center Rotating Torque turn the screw CLOCKWISE.

(8) Prevent the adjuster screw from turning while tightening adjuster lock nut. Tighten the adjuster lock nut to  $49~\mathrm{N\cdot m}$  ( $36~\mathrm{ft.}$  lbs.).

#### SPECIFICATIONS

#### POWER STEERING GEAR

Steering Gear
Type Recirculating Ball
Gear Ratio
RHD
LHD
Worm Shaft Bearing
Preload 0.45–1.13 N·m (4–10 in. lbs.)
Pitman Shaft Overcenter Drag
New Gear (under 400 miles) 0.45–0.90 N⋅m
(4–8 in. lbs.) + Worm Shaft Preload
Used Gear (over 400 miles) 0.5–0.6 N⋅m
(4–5 in. lbs.) + Worm Shaft Preload

#### TORQUE CHART

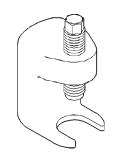
# DESCRIPTION TORQUE Power Steering Gear

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

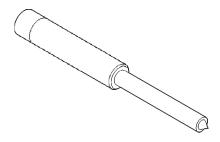
#### POWER STEERING GEAR



Remover/Installer, Steering Plug C-4381



Remover, Pitman Arm C-4150A



Remover/Installer Steering Rack Piston C-4175

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## STEERING LINKAGE

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#### DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

#### STEERING LINKAGE

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The steering linkage consist of a pitman arm, drag link, tie rod, tie rod ends and a steering damper (Fig. 1) and (Fig. 2). The service procedures and torque

specifications are the same for LHD and RHD vehicles.

CAUTION: Components attached with a nut and cotter pin must be torqued to specification. Then if the slot in the nut does not line up with the cotter pin hole, tighten nut until it is aligned. Never loosen the nut to align the cotter pin hole.

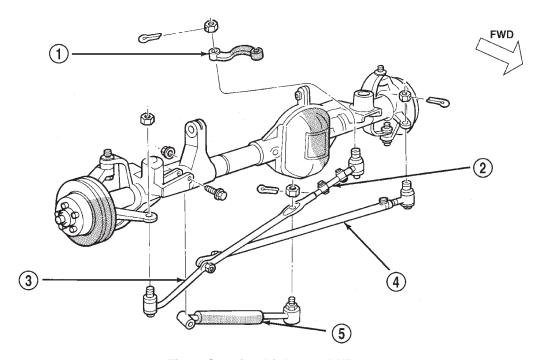
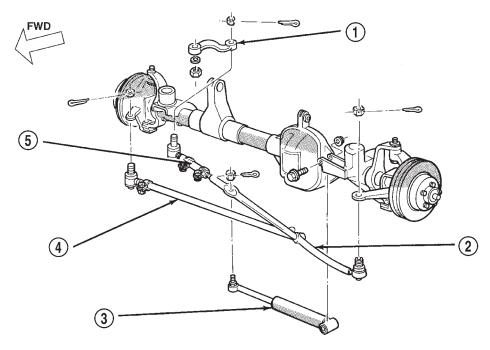


Fig. 1 Steering Linkage—LHD

- 1 PITMAN ARM
- 2 ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE
- 3 DRAG LINK

- 4 TIE ROD
- 5 STEERING DAMPENER

#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION (Continued)**



J9502-6

Fig. 2 Steering Linkage—RHD

- 1 PITMAN ARM
- 2 DRAG LINK
- 3 STEERING DAMPNER

- 4 TIE ROD
- 5 ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE

#### SFRVICE PROCEDURES

## STEERING LINKAGE

The tie rod end and ball stud seals should be inspected during all oil changes. If a seal is damaged, it should be replaced. Before installing a new seal, inspect ball stud at the throat opening. Check for lubricant loss, contamination, ball stud wear or corrosion. If these conditions exist, replace the tie rod. A replacement seal can be installed if lubricant is in good condition. Otherwise, a complete replacement ball stud end should be installed.

CAUTION: If any steering components are replaced or serviced an alignment must be performed, to ensure the vehicle meets all alignment specifications.

CAUTION: Components attached with a nut and cotter pin must be torqued to specification. Then if the slot in the nut does not line up with the cotter pin hole, tighten nut until it is aligned. Never loosen the nut to align the cotter pin hole.

#### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### TIE ROD

CAUTION: Use a Puller tool C-3894-A for tie rod removal. Failure to use this tool could damage the ball stud and seal (Fig. 3).

### REMOVAL

- (1) Remove the cotter pins and nuts at the tie rod ball studs and drag link.
- (2) Loosen the ball studs with a puller tool to remove the tie rod.
- (3) Loosen clamp bolts and unthread the tie rod end from the tube.

#### INSTALLATION

- (1) Thread the tie rod end into the tube and position the clamp to it's original position (Fig. 4). Tighten the clamp bolts to  $27~\mathrm{N\cdot m}$  (20 ft. lbs.).
- (2) Install the tie rod on the drag link and steering knuckle. Install the retaining nuts.
- (3) Tighten the ball stud nut on the steering knuckle to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.). Tighten the ball stud nut to drag link to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.). Install new cotter pins.

### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)

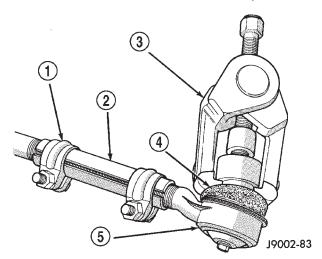


Fig. 3 Ball Stud Puller

- 1 CLAMP
- 2 ADJUSTMENT SLEEVE
- 3 PULLER TOOL C-3894-A
- 4 SEAL
- 5 TIE-ROD END

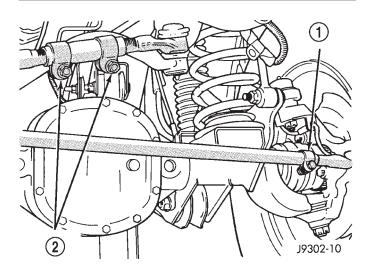


Fig. 4 Tie Rod/Drag Link Clamps

- 1 TIE ROD CLAMP
- 2 DRAG LINK CLAMPS

#### PITMAN ARM

#### REMOVAL

- (1) Remove the cotter pin and nut from the drag link at the pitman arm.
- (2) Remove the drag link ball stud from the pitman arm with a puller.
- (3) Remove the nut and washer from the steering gear shaft. Mark the pitman shaft and pitman arm for installation reference. Remove the pitman arm from steering gear with Puller C-4150-A (Fig. 5).

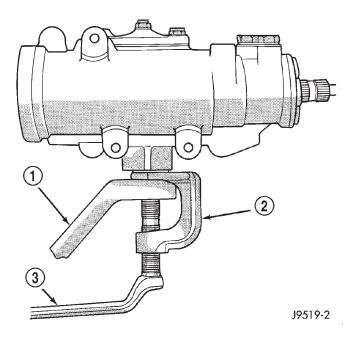


Fig. 5 Pitman Arm Puller

- 1 PITMAN ARM
- 2 SPECIAL TOOL C-4150-A
- 3 WRENCH

#### **INSTALLATION**

- (1) Align and install the pitman arm on steering gear shaft.
- (2) Install the washer and nut on the shaft and tighten nut to 251 N·m (185 ft. lbs.).
- (3) Install drag link ball stud to pitman arm install nut and tighten to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.). Install a new cotter pin.

#### DRAG LINK

#### **REMOVAL**

- (1) Remove cotter pins and nuts from drag link
- (2) Remove the steering damper ball stud from the drag link.
  - (3) Remove tie rod from drag link
- (4) Remove drag link from the steering knuckle and pitman arm.

#### **INSTALLATION**

- (1) Install the drag link onto steering knuckle and pitman arm.
- (2) Install nut at steering knuckle and tighten to 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.). Install new cotter pins.
- (3) Install nut at pitman arm and tighten to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.). Install new cotter pins.
- (4) Install tie rod onto drag link and install nut. Tighten nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) and install new cotter pins.

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)

(5) Install steering damper onto drag link and install nut. Tighten nut to 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.) and install a new cotter pin.

#### STEERING DAMPER

#### REMOVAL

- (1) Remove the steering damper retaining bolt from the axle bracket.
- (2) Remove the cotter pin and nut from the ball stud at the drag link.
- (3) Remove the steering damper ball stud from the drag link with Puller C-3894-A.

#### **INSTALLATION**

- (1) Install steering damper onto the axle bracket and drag link.
- (2) Install steering damper bolt in axle bracket and tighten nut to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.).
- (3) Install ball stud nut at the drag link and tighten nut to 75 N·m (55 ft. lbs.). Install a new cotter pin.

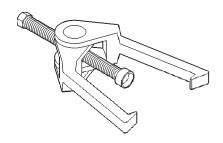
### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **TORQUE CHART**

<b>DESCRIPTION</b> TORQUE
Pitman Arm
Shaft
Drag Link
Ball Studs 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Clamp 49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.)
Tie Rod Ends
Ball Studs 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Clamp
Tie Rod
Ball Stud 47 N·m (35 ft. lbs.)
<b>Steering Damper</b>
Frame 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)
Drag Link 74 N·m (55 ft. lbs.)

#### SPECIAL TOOLS

#### STEERING LINKAGE



Puller C-3894-A



Remover Pitman C-4150A

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## STEERING COLUMN

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STEERING COLUMN	

#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

#### STEERING COLUMN

#### DESCRIPTION

The standard non-tilt and tilt steering column has been designed to be serviced as an assembly. The key cylinder, switches, clock spring, trim shrouds and steering wheel are serviced separately. On the non-tilt column the upper mounting bracket is also serviced separately.

The column is mounted to the column support bracket studs and secured by four nuts. The column is connected to the steering gear by a one piece collapsible shaft with a coupler at each end. The couplers secure the shaft to the steering column and steering gear.

#### SERVICE PRECAUTIONS

Safety goggles should be worn at all times when working on steering columns.

To service the steering wheel, switches or airbag, refer to Group 8M and follow all WARNINGS and CAUTIONS.

WARNING: THE AIRBAG SYSTEM IS A SENSITIVE. COMPLEX ELECTRO-MECHANICAL UNIT. BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO DIAGNOSE, REMOVE OR INSTALL THE AIRBAG SYSTEM COMPONENTS YOU MUST FIRST DISCONNECT AND ISOLATE THE BATTERY NEGATIVE (GROUND) CABLE. THEN WAIT TWO MINUTES FOR THE SYSTEM CAPACITOR TO DIS-CHARGE, FAILURE TO DO SO COULD RESULT IN ACCIDENTAL DEPLOYMENT OF THE AIRBAG AND POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY. THE FASTENERS, SCREWS, AND BOLTS, ORIGINALLY USED FOR THE AIRBAG COMPONENTS, HAVE SPECIAL COAT-INGS AND ARE SPECIFICALLY DESIGNED FOR THE AIRBAG SYSTEM. THEY MUST NEVER BE REPLACED WITH ANY SUBSTITUTES. ANYTIME A NEW FASTENER IS NEEDED, REPLACE WITH THE CORRECT FASTENERS PROVIDED IN THE SERVICE PACKAGE OR FASTENERS LISTED IN THE PARTS BOOKS.

#### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

#### STEERING COLUMN

WARNING: BEFORE SERVICING THE STEERING COLUMN THE AIRBAG SYSTEM MUST BE DISARMED. REFER TO GROUP 8M RESTRAINT SYSTEMS FOR SERVICE PROCEDURES. FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN ACCIDENTAL DEPLOYMENT OF THE AIRBAG AND POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY.

CAUTION: Keep clock spring from turning during removal and installation. Failure to do so may damage the clock spring.

#### REMOVAL

- (1) Position front wheels straight ahead.
- (2) Remove and isolate the negative battery ground cable.
- (3) Remove the airbag, refer to Group 8M Restraint Systems for service procedures.

NOTE: If equipped with cruise control, disconnect clock spring harness from cruise switch harness on the steering wheel.

(4) Remove the steering wheel with an appropriate puller (Fig. 1).

CAUTION: Ensure the puller bolts are fully engaged into the steering wheel and not into the clock-spring, before attempting to remove the wheel. Failure to do so may damage the steering wheel.

(5) Turn ignition cylinder to the on position and remove cylinder by pressing release through lower shroud access hole (Fig. 2).

## REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)

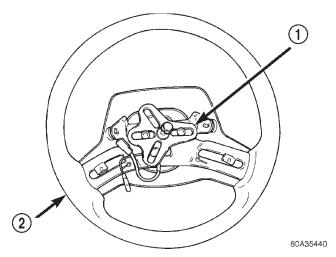


Fig. 1 Steering Wheel

- 1 PULLER
- 2 STEERING WHEEL

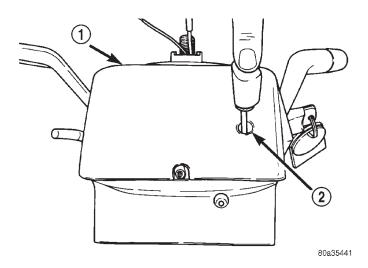


Fig. 2 Key Cylinder Release Access Hole

- 1 LOWER SHROUD
- 2 RELEASE ACCESS HOLE
- (6) Remove knee blocker cover and knee blocker, Refer to Group 8E Instrument Panel Systems.
- (7) Remove screws from the lower column shroud (Fig. 3) and remove lower shroud.
- (8) Remove the steering coupler bolt and column mounting nuts (Fig. 4) then lower column off the mounting stud.
  - (9) Remove upper column shroud (Fig. 3).
- (10) Disconnect and remove the wiring harness from the column (Fig. 5).

NOTE: If vehicle is equipped with automatic transmission, remove shifter interlock cable. Refer to Group 21 Transmission and Transfer Case for procedure.

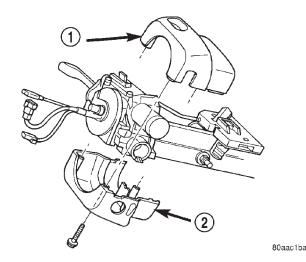


Fig. 3 Column Shrouds

- 1 UPPER SHROUD
- 2 LOWER SHROUD

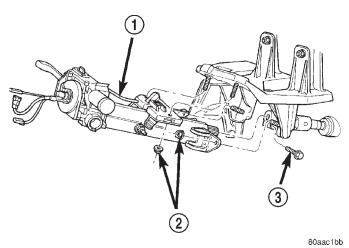


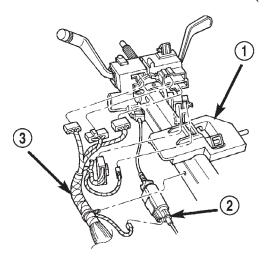
Fig. 4 Tilt Steering Column Mounting

- 1 STEERING COLUMN
- 2 MOUNTING NUTS
- 3 COUPLER BOLT
  - (11) Remove column.
- (12) Remove nut and bolt from the upper column mounting bracket on non-tilt column (Fig. 6). Remove the bracket from the column and **note the mounting location and orientation of the bracket.**.
- (13) Remove clock spring, switches, (SKIM if equipped) and ignition key cylinder, refer to Group 8 Electrical for service procedures.

#### INSTALLATION

- (1) Install upper column mounting bracket on nontilt column. Install the mounting bolt and tighten the nut to  $17~\mathrm{N\cdot m}$  (150 in. lbs.).
- (2) Install switches, refer to Group 8 Electrical for service procedures.

#### REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (Continued)



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Fig. 5 Steering Column Harness

- 1 STEERING COLUMN
- 2 INTERLOCK CABLE
- 3 COLUMN HARNESS

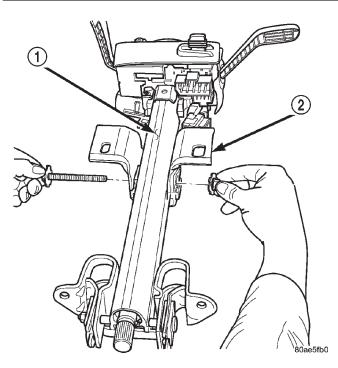


Fig. 6 Non-Tilt Column

- 1 NON-TILT COLUMN
- 2 UPPER BRACKET

(3) Align and install column into the steering coupler.

(4) Install column harness and connect harness to switches.

NOTE: If vehicle is equipped with automatic transmission install shifter interlock cable. Refer to Group 21 Transmission and Transfer Case for installation and adjustment.

- (5) Install upper column shrouds.
- (6) Install column onto the mounting studs.
- (7) Install mounting nuts and tighten to 23 N·m (17 ft. lbs.).
- (8) Install steering column coupler bolt and tighten to 49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.).
- (9) Center the clock spring (if necessary) and install it on the column, refer to Group 8 Electrical for service procedures.
- (10) Install lower column shroud and install mounting screws.
  - (11) Install ignition cylinder.
- (12) Install knee blocker and knee blocker cover, Refer to Group 8E Instrument Panel Systems.
- (13) Install steering wheel and tighten nut to 54  $N \cdot m$  (40 ft. lbs.).

NOTE: If equipped with cruise control, connect clock spring harness to cruise switch harness on the steering wheel.

- (14) Install airbag, refer to Group 8M Restraint Systems for service procedures.
  - (15) Install negative battery terminal.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### TORQUE CHART

DESCRIPTION	TORQUE
Tilt Steering Column	
Steering Wheel Nut	54 N·m (40 ft. lbs.)
Mounting Nuts	23 N·m (17 ft. lbs.)
Coupler Bolt	49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.)
Non-Tilt Steering Column	
Steering Wheel Nut	54 N·m (40 ft. lbs.)
Mounting Nuts	23 N·m (17 ft. lbs.)
Coupler Bolt	49 N·m (36 ft. lbs.)
Upper Bracket Nut 1	7 N·m (150 in. lbs.)